Western Australia

# **Public Health Amendment (Immunisation Requirements for Enrolment) Bill 2019**

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## CONFIDENTIAL

Western Australia

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY/COUNCIL

# Public Health Amendment (Immunisation Requirements for Enrolment) Bill 2019

### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Public Health Act 2016* and the *School Education Act 1999* to give effect to immunisation requirements for enrolment in schools, community kindergartens and child care services.

The Parliament of Western Australia enacts as follows:

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Public Health A 2019	mendment (Immunisation Requirements for Enrolment) Bill
Part 1	Preliminary

#### s. 1

## Part 1 — Preliminary

#### 2 **1. Short title**

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This is the Public Health Amendment (Immunisation *Requirements for Enrolment*) Act 2019.

5 <b>2.</b>	Commencement
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This Act comes into operation as follows —

- (a) Part 1 on the day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent;
- (b) the rest of the Act on a day fixed by proclamation, and different days may be fixed for different provisions.

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1		Part	t 2 — Public Health Act 2016 amended
2	3.	Act a	amended
3		This	Part amends the Public Health Act 2016.
4 5 6		Divisi	following text is the Public Health Act 2016 sections 4(1), Part 9 on 8, section 240 and 254, showing proposed amendments in track res. A formal amending instrument will be drafted at a later stage.]
7	4.	Secti	on 4 amended
8	4	•	Terms used
9		(1)	In this Act, unless the contrary intention appears —
10			activity licence has the meaning given in section 64;
11 12 13			<i>appropriate enforcement agency</i> , in relation to the provision in which the term is used, means the enforcement agency prescribed by the regulations for
14			the purposes of that provision;
15 16			<i>approved form</i> means a form approved by the Chief Health Officer;
17 18			<i>authorised officer</i> has the meaning given in subsection (2);
19 20			<b>CEO</b> has the meaning given in the <i>Health Legislation</i> Administration Act 1984 section 3;
21 22			<i>certificate of registration</i> has the meaning given in section 64;
23 24			<i>Chief Health Officer</i> means the person designated as the Chief Health Officer under section 11;
25			child care service means
26 27 28	C		(a) an education and care service as defined in the <i>Education and Care Services National Law</i> (Western Australia) section 5(1); or
28			
29 30	J		(b) a child care service as defined in the <i>Child Care</i> Services Act 2007 section 4;

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1	<u></u>
2	<u>(a) means</u>
3	(i) an education and care service as defined
4	in the Education and Care Services
5	<u>National Law (Western Australia)</u>
6	section 5(1); or
7	(ii) a child care service as defined in the
8	Child Care Services Act 2007 section 4;
9	<u>but</u>
10	(b) does not include a child care service prescribed
11	for the purposes of this definition;
12	Commissioner of Police means the person holding or
13	acting in the office of Commissioner of Police under
14	the <i>Police Act 1892</i> ;
15	community kindergarten means a kindergarten
16	registered under the School Education Act 1999 Part 5;
17	compulsory education period has the meaning given in
18	the School Education Act 1999 section 6:
19	Department means the department of the Public
20	Service principally assisting in the administration of
21	this Act;
22	departmental officer —
23	(a) means a public service officer employed in the
24	Department; and
25	(b) includes a public service officer appointed for
26	the purposes of, or to assist in the
27	administration of, an Act to which the <i>Health</i>
28	Legislation Administration Act 1984 applies under section 4 of that Act;
29	
30	<i>emergency area</i> means the area or areas to which a public health state of emergency declaration emplication
31	public health state of emergency declaration applies;
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1	emergency management means the management of the
2	adverse effects of a public health emergency,
3	including —
4	(a) prevention — the mitigation or prevention of
5	the probability of the occurrence of a public
6	health emergency, and of the potential adverse
7	effects of a public health emergency; and
8	(b) preparedness — the preparation for the
9	response to a public health emergency; and
10	(c) response — the combating of the effects of a
11	public health emergency, provision of
12	emergency assistance for casualties, reduction
13	of further damage and help to speed recovery;
14	and
15	(d) recovery — the support of communities
16	affected by a public health emergency in the
17	reconstruction and restoration of physical
18	infrastructure, the environment and community,
19	psychosocial and economic wellbeing;
20	emergency officer means an authorised officer or other
21	person who is authorised by the Chief Health Officer
22	under section 174(2);
23	emergency power means a power provided for in
24	Part 12 Division 5;
25	employed in the Department includes seconded to
26	perform functions or services for, or duties in the
27	service of, the Department;
28	enforcement agency means —
29	(a) the Chief Health Officer; or
30	(b) a local government; or
31	(c) a person or body, or a person or body within a
32	class of persons or bodies, prescribed by the
33	regulations for the purposes of this definition;

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1 2	<i>enforcement order</i> means an enforcement order issued under Part 14 Division 3;
3 4	<i>environmental health officer</i> means an environmental health officer appointed under section 17;
5 6	<i>general public health duty</i> means the requirement imposed by section 34(1);
7 8 9	<i>harm</i> includes physical or psychological harm to individuals, whether of long-term or immediate impact or effect;
10 11	<i>improvement notice</i> means an improvement notice issued under Part 14 Division 2;
12	judicial officer means a JP or a magistrate;
13	material public health risk —
14 15 16	<ul> <li>(a) means a public health risk involving potential harm to public health that is neither trivial nor negligible; and</li> </ul>
17 18 19	<ul> <li>(b) includes a public health risk declared by the regulations to be a material public health risk; but</li> </ul>
20 21 22	<ul> <li>(c) does not include a public health risk declared by the regulations not to be a material public health risk;</li> </ul>
23	medical examination includes —
24 25	(a) the taking of a sample of blood, urine, tissue or hair, or another biological specimen; and
26 27	(b) the performance of any diagnostic examination or diagnostic procedure;
28	medical practitioner means a person registered under
29	the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law
30	(Western Australia) in the medical profession;
31	<i>midwife</i> means a person registered under the <i>Health</i>
32 33	Practitioner Regulation National Law (Western Australia) in the midwifery profession;

1 2		-	<i>ringe programme</i> means a programme to <i>o</i> f the following principally for the
3			eventing the spread of infectious diseases
4	1 1	1	d in the blood —
5	(a)	to supp	ply people with any of the following —
6		(i)	sterile hypodermic syringes;
7		(ii)	sterile hypodermic needles;
8		(iii)	things that may be used in connection
9			with the administration, by injection, of
10			prohibited drugs (as defined in the
11			Misuse of Drugs Act 1981 section 3(1)),
12			for example, swabs and spoons;
13	(b)		litate the safe disposal, after use, of any
14			things mentioned in paragraph (a);
15	(c)		ise, counsel or disseminate information to
16		people	
17		•	ectious disease means an infectious
18			ed under section 90 to be a notifiable
19		ous dise	
20	•	•	ectious disease-related condition means a
21			tion declared under section 91 to be a
22			ctious disease-related condition;
23			a person registered under the <i>Health</i>
24			<i>legulation National Law (Western</i> he nursing profession;
25			
26	-		oner means a person registered under the
27			tioner Regulation National Law (Western he nursing profession whose registration
28 29			v is endorsed as nurse practitioner;
			tion to a body corporate, has the meaning
30 31			on $282(1)$ ;
32	person	al deta	<i>ils</i> , in relation to a person, means —
33	(a)		rson's full name; and
	()		

Part 2	Public Health Act 2016 amended			
s. 4				
	(b)	the person's date of birth; and		
	(c)	the address where the person is residing; and		
	(d)	the address where the person usually resides, if that is different from the address referred to in paragraph (c);		
	premi	ses includes —		
	(a)	land (whether vacant or not); and		
	(b)	land covered by water, whether permanently or temporarily or from time to time; and		
	(c)	the whole or any part of a building or other structure, of whatever type and whether of a permanent or temporary nature; and		
	(d)	a vehicle;		
	-	<i>ribed condition of health</i> has the meaning given tion 148;		
	public	<i>blic authority</i> means —		
	(a)	an agency as defined in the <i>Public Sector</i> Management Act 1994 section 3(1); or		
	(b)	a body, corporate or unincorporate, that is established or continued for a public purpose by the State, regardless of the way it is established;		
		or		
	(c)	a local government; or		
(	(d)	a regional local government, but only in Part 12 and section 299; or		
	(da)	a regional subsidiary; or		
	(e)	the Police Force of Western Australia; or		
$\bigcirc$	(f)	a person or body, or a person or body within a class of persons or bodies, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph;		

1 2	<i>public health</i> means the health of individuals in the context of —
3 4	(a) the wider health and wellbeing of the community; and
5 6 7 8 9	<ul> <li>(b) the combination of safeguards, policies and programmes designed to protect, maintain, promote and improve the health of individuals and their communities and to prevent and reduce the incidence of illness and disability;</li> </ul>
10	public health emergency means an event or
11	circumstance, or a series of events or circumstances,
12	that is causing or contributing to, has caused or
13	contributed to or may cause or contribute to serious
14	adverse effects on public health;
15	public health emergency management plan means a
16	public health emergency management plan prepared
17	under section 165;
18	public health official means —
19	(a) a departmental officer; or
20	(b) a person employed or engaged in a health
21	service provider (as defined in the Health
22	Services Act 2016 section 6);
23	public health order means a public health order made
24	under section 116;
25	public health risk means a risk of harm to public
26	health;
27	public health risk activity means —
28 29	(a) an activity declared by the regulations to be a public health risk activity; or
30	(b) an activity within a class of activities declared
31	by the regulations to be public health risk
32	activities;

Part 2	Public Health Act 2016 amended
s. 4	
	<i>public health state of emergency</i> means a public health state of emergency declared under section 167;
	<i>public health state of emergency declaration</i> means a declaration of a public health state of emergency under section 167;
	<i>remote communication</i> means any way of communicating at a distance, including by telephone, fax, email and radio;
	<i>sample</i> , except in section 240(1)(f), means a sample taken, in accordance with accepted medical practice, from any part of the body of a person, including a sample of blood, urine, tissue or hair, or another biological specimen;
	school means
	(a) a government school, or a non-government
	school, as defined in the <i>School Education</i> Act 1999 section 4; or
	(b) a community kindergarten registered under the School Education Act 1999 Part 5; or
	(c) the place where a child care service is provided;
	school means a government school, or a non-government school, as defined in the School Education Act 1999 section 4;
	<i>senior next of kin</i> , in relation to a deceased person, has the meaning given in the <i>Coroners Act 1996</i> section 37(5);
	<i>senior police officer</i> means a police officer who is, or
	is acting as, a Superintendent or an officer of a rank
	more senior than a Superintendent;
	serious public health incident power means a power
	provided for in section 157(1);

1	serious public health risk —
2 3 4	<ul> <li>(a) means a public health risk involving potential harm to public health that is irreversible, of a high impact or on a wide scale; and</li> </ul>
5 6 7	<ul> <li>(b) includes a public health risk declared by the regulations to be a serious public health risk;</li> <li>but</li> </ul>
8 9 10	<ul> <li>(c) does not include a public health risk declared by the regulations not to be a serious public health risk;</li> </ul>
11	test order means an order made under section 100;
12 13 14	<i>urgently notifiable infectious disease</i> means a notifiable infectious disease declared under section 90 to be an urgently notifiable infectious disease;
15 16 17 18	<i>vaccine preventable notifiable infectious disease</i> means a notifiable infectious disease declared under section 90 to be a vaccine preventable notifiable infectious disease;
19	vehicle —
20 21 22	<ul> <li>(a) means any means of transport, whether self-propelled or not, and whether used on land or sea or in the air; and</li> </ul>
23	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), includes —
24	(i) a caravan, trailer or other land vehicle; and
25	(ii) a vessel;
26	vessel —
27 28 29 30	<ul> <li>(a) means any thing used, or capable of being used, in navigation by water, of whatever size and whether or not it has any means of propulsion; and</li> </ul>

Part 2	Public Health Act 2016 amended
s. 5	
	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), includes the following —
	(i) a houseboat, pontoon or raft;
	(ii) a hovercraft, seaplane or other similar craft;
	(iii) a submarine or other submersible;
	<i>working day</i> means a day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday.
5. Pa	art 9 Division 8 replaced
	Division 8 — Immunisation status of children
	Subdivision 1 — Preliminary
<u>141A</u>	
<u>141A</u>	
<u>141A</u>	. Terms used
<u>141A</u>	Terms used     In this Division —     Australian Immunisation Register means the register     called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under
<u>141A</u>	Terms used     In this Division —     Australian Immunisation Register means the register     called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under     the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015
<u>141A</u>	. Terms used In this Division — Australian Immunisation Register means the register called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015 (Commonwealth) section 8;
<u>141A</u>	. Terms used In this Division — Australian Immunisation Register means the register called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015 (Commonwealth) section 8; child means a person who is under 18 years of age;
<u>141A</u>	. Terms used In this Division — Australian Immunisation Register means the register called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015 (Commonwealth) section 8; child means a person who is under 18 years of age; current, in relation to an immunisation certificate for a
<u>141A</u>	. Terms used In this Division — Australian Immunisation Register means the register called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015 (Commonwealth) section 8; child means a person who is under 18 years of age;
<u>141A</u>	<ul> <li>Terms used         In this Division —         Australian Immunisation Register means the register         called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under             the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015             (Commonwealth) section 8;             child means a person who is under 18 years of age;             current, in relation to an immunisation certificate for a             child, means a certificate issued not more than the             prescribed period before —             (a) the most recent date of an application for         </li> </ul>
<u>141A</u>	<ul> <li>Terms used         In this Division —         Australian Immunisation Register means the register         called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under             the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015             (Commonwealth) section 8;         child means a person who is under 18 years of age;         current, in relation to an immunisation certificate for a             child, means a certificate issued not more than the             prescribed period before —         (a) the most recent date of an application for             enrolment of the child in a school, community</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Terms used         In this Division —         Australian Immunisation Register means the register         called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under             the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015             (Commonwealth) section 8;         child means a person who is under 18 years of age;         current, in relation to an immunisation certificate for a             child, means a certificate issued not more than the             prescribed period before —         (a) the most recent date of an application for             enrolment of the child in a school, community             kindergarten or child care service; or</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Terms used         In this Division —         Australian Immunisation Register means the register         called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under             the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015             (Commonwealth) section 8;         child means a person who is under 18 years of age;         current, in relation to an immunisation certificate for a             child, means a certificate issued not more than the             prescribed period before —         (a) the most recent date of an application for             enrolment of the child in a school, community</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Terms used</li> <li>In this Division —</li> <li>Australian Immunisation Register means the register called the Australian Immunisation Register kept under the Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015 (Commonwealth) section 8;</li> <li>child means a person who is under 18 years of age;</li> <li>current, in relation to an immunisation certificate for a child, means a certificate issued not more than the prescribed period before —</li> <li>(a) the most recent date of an application for enrolment of the child in a school, community kindergarten or child care service; or</li> <li>(b) the certificate is required to be provided under</li> </ul>

1	<i>immunisation certificate</i> means —
2	(a) an extract of an entry in the Australian
3	Immunisation Register; or
4	(b) a certificate issued by the Chief Health Officer
5	under section 141C(1); or
6	(c) a document declared to be an immunisation
7	certificate under section 141C(3);
8	<i>immunisation status</i> means the status of —
9	(a) having been immunised against, or having
10	acquired immunity by infection from, all or
11	specified vaccine preventable notifiable
12	infectious diseases; or
13	(b) not having been immunised against, and not
14	having acquired immunity by infection from,
15	all or specified vaccine preventable notifiable
16	infectious diseases;
17	person in charge, of a school, community kindergarten
18	or child care service, means the person who has
19	responsibility for the day-to-day management and
20	control of the school, community kindergarten or child
21	<u>care service;</u>
22	responsible person, in relation to a child, means —
23	(a) a parent of the child; or
24	(b) a guardian of the child; or
25	(c) another person who has responsibility for the
26	day-to-day care of the child.

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1	<u>Su</u>	bdiv	ision 2 — Immunisation requirements for enrolment
2	141	<b>B.</b>	<b>Responsible person to give immunisation status to</b>
3			person in charge
4		(1)	This section applies to a child enrolling in, or enrolled
5			in, a school, community kindergarten or child care
6			service.
7		(2)	The responsible person for the child is required to give
8			to the person in charge of the school, community
9			kindergarten or child care service the immunisation
10			status of the child as recorded on the current
1			immunisation certificate for the child —
12			(a) when the child is being enrolled in the school,
13			community kindergarten or child care service;
4			and
15			(b) at such other time or times as are prescribed in
6			the regulations.
7		(3)	The person in charge must take all reasonable steps to
8			ensure that the responsible person complies with
9			subsection (2).
20	_		Penalty for this subsection: a fine of \$1 000.
	1.41	C	Immunication contificates issued on declared by
21 22	<u>141</u>	<u>.</u>	Immunisation certificates issued or declared by Chief Health Officer
23		(1)	The Chief Health Officer may issue an immunisation
24			certificate for a child for the purposes of section 141B
25			<u>if</u>
26			(a) the Chief Health Officer is satisfied that —
27			(i) a circumstance prescribed in the
28			regulations is applicable to the child;
29			and

1	(ii) but for that circumstance, the child's
2	immunisation status would be up to
3	<u>date;</u>
4	<u></u>
5	(b) the Chief Health Officer is otherwise satisfied
6	that there are special circumstances that justify
7	doing so.
3	(2) An immunisation certificate issued under
9	subsection (1) remains in force for the period specified
)	in the certificate or, if no period is specified, for an
1	indefinite period.
2	(3) The Chief Health Officer may, by notice published in
3	the <i>Gazette</i> , declare a document or a class of
1	documents to be an immunisation certificate for the
5	purposes of section 141B.
6	<b>141D.</b> Immunisation or exemption a condition of
7	enrolment
_	
3 9	(1) Unless a child meets a requirement of subsection (2), the person in charge of a school, community
)	kindergarten or child care service must not permit the
1	child to enrol in —
2	(a) the school, before the child's compulsory
3	education period; or
1	(b) the community kindergarten; or
5	(c) the child care service.
6	Penalty for this subsection: a fine of \$10 000.
7	(2) A child meets a requirement of this subsection if —
	(a) the immunisation certificate for the child states
3	
3	that the child's immunisation is up to date; or
	<ul> <li>that the child's immunisation is up to date; or</li> <li>(b) the child is following an immunisation catch—</li> </ul>

### <u>s. 5</u>

		the person in charge is satisfied that the shild is
1 2	<u>(c)</u>	the person in charge is satisfied that the child is an exempt child.
3	Subdivision 3	
4		<u>of children</u>
5	142. Regul	ations relating to immunisation status of
6		en and control of disease
7	Witho	ut limiting section 304(1), regulations may —
8	(a)	require the person in charge of a school,
9		community kindergarten or child care service,
10		when directed to do so by the Chief Health
11		Officer, to give a report to the Chief Health
12		Officer in respect of information given to the
13		person about the immunisation status of —
14		(i) a child enrolled at the school,
15		community kindergarten or child care
16		service; or
17		(ii) children enrolled at the school,
18		community kindergarten or child care
19		<u>service:</u>
20	<u>(b)</u>	require the person in charge of a school,
21		community kindergarten or child care service,
22		when directed to do so by the Chief Health
23		Officer either when giving a direction under
24		regulations made under paragraph (a) or at a
25 26		later time, to give to the Chief Health Officer further information necessary to assist in
26 27		preventing, controlling or abating a public
27		health risk that might foreseeably arise from a
29		child not being immunised against a vaccine
30		preventable notifiable infectious disease,
31		including —
32		(i) the name of, and other identifying
33		information in relation to, the child; and
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1	(ii) the name and contact details of the
2	responsible person for the child;
3	(c) in the case of a child at a school, community
4	kindergarten or child care service who contracts
5	a vaccine preventable notifiable infectious
6	disease, require the person in charge of the
7	school, community kindergarten or child care
8	service to give to the Chief Health Officer a
9	report in respect of the child;
10	(d) require the person in charge of a school,
11	community kindergarten or child care service,
12	when directed to do so by the Chief Health
13	Officer, to ensure that a child who has not been
14	immunised against a vaccine preventable
15	notifiable infectious disease specified by the
16	Chief Health Officer is not permitted to attend
17	the school, community kindergarten or child
18	care service for the period specified by the
19	Chief Health Officer;
20	(e) require the person in charge of a school,
21	community kindergarten or child care service,
22	when directed to do so by the Chief Health
23	Officer, to close the school, community
24	kindergarten or child care service for the period
25	specified by the Chief Health Officer to limit or
26	prevent the spread of a vaccine preventable
27	notifiable infectious disease.
28	<b>Division 8 Regulations relating to immunisation status</b>
20 29	of children
25	or children
30	142. Regulations relating to immunisation status of
31	<del>children</del>
32	(1) In this section
33	<i>child</i> means a person who is under 18 years of age;
_	

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1	<i>immunisation status</i> , of a child, means the status of
2	(a) having been immunised against, or having
3	acquired immunity by infection from, all or
4	specified vaccine preventable notifiable
5	infectious diseases; or
6	(b) not having been immunised against, and not
7	having acquired immunity by infection from,
8	all or specified vaccine preventable notifiable
9	infectious diseases;
10	<i> person in charge</i> , of a school, means the person who
11	has responsibility for the day-to-day management and
12	control of the school.
13	— (2) Without limiting section 304(1), regulations may be
14	made under that subsection
15	— (a) requiring information about a child's
16	immunisation status to be given to the person in
17	charge of a school at which the child is to be
18	enrolled or re-enrolled;
19	(b) requiring the person in charge of a school to
20	retain for a specified period information about
21	the immunisation status of a child enrolled at
22	the school;
23	(c) requiring information given to the person in
24	charge of a school about a child's immunisation
25	status to be kept confidential and stored
26	securely;
27	(d) requiring the person in charge of a school,
28	when directed to do so by the Chief Health
29	Officer, to give a report to the Chief Health
30	Officer in respect of information given to the
31	person about the immunisation status of
32	— (i) — a child enrolled at the school; or
33	— (ii) — children enrolled at the school;

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1 2 3 4 5		<ul> <li>(e) requiring the person in charge of a school to give a report to the Chief Health Officer in respect of any childat the school who contracts a vaccine preventable notifiable infectious disease;</li> </ul>	
6		<ul> <li>(f) requiring the person in charge of a school,</li> <li>when directed to do so by the Chief Health</li> </ul>	
7 8		Officer, to ensure that a child who has not been immunised against a vaccine preventable	
9		notifiable infectious disease specified by the	
10 11		Chief Health Officer is not permitted to attend	
12		the school for the period specified by the Chief	
13		Health Officer;	
14		(g) requiring the person in charge of a school,	
15		when directed to do so by the Chief Health	
16		Officer, to close the school for the period	
17		specified by the Chief Health Officer to limit or	
18		prevent the spread of a vaccine preventable	
19		notifiable infectious disease.	
20	6. Sect	ion 240 amended	
20 21	6. Sect 240.	ion 240 amended Powers of authorised officers	
		<b>Powers of authorised officers</b> For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may,	
21	240.	Powers of authorised officers	
21 22	240.	<b>Powers of authorised officers</b> For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may,	
21 22 23	240.	<b>Powers of authorised officers</b> For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these —	
21 22 23 24	240.	Powers of authorised officers For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these — (a) enter and inspect any premises —	
21 22 23 24 25	240.	Powers of authorised officers For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these — (a) enter and inspect any premises — (i) in respect of which a registrable activity	
21 22 23 24 25 26	240.	<ul> <li>Powers of authorised officers</li> <li>For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these — <ul> <li>(a) enter and inspect any premises —</li> <li>(i) in respect of which a registrable activity is registered under Part 8 Division 2; or</li> <li>(ii) at which a licensable activity is carried on that is authorised by an activity</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	240.	Powers of authorised officers For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these — (a) enter and inspect any premises — (i) in respect of which a registrable activity is registered under Part 8 Division 2; or (ii) at which a licensable activity is carried	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	240.	<ul> <li>Powers of authorised officers</li> <li>For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these — <ul> <li>(a) enter and inspect any premises —</li> <li>(i) in respect of which a registrable activity is registered under Part 8 Division 2; or</li> <li>(ii) at which a licensable activity is carried on that is authorised by an activity licence granted under Part 8 Division 3; or</li> </ul></li></ul>	
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	240.	<ul> <li>Powers of authorised officers</li> <li>For the purposes of this Act, an authorised officer may, at any reasonable time, do any one or more of these — <ul> <li>(a) enter and inspect any premises —</li> <li>(i) in respect of which a registrable activity is registered under Part 8 Division 2; or</li> <li>(ii) at which a licensable activity is carried on that is authorised by an activity licence granted under Part 8 Division 3;</li> </ul></li></ul>	

Part 2 Public	c Health Act 2016 amended
s. 6	
(b)	enter and inspect any premises at which the authorised officer reasonably suspects an offence under this Act has been or is being committed;
(c)	enter and inspect any premises that the authorised officer reasonably suspects are used in connection with a public health risk;
(d)	enter and inspect any premises in which the authorised officer reasonably suspects there are any documents that relate to a public health risk, including a public health risk that might foreseeably arise from a child or children not having been immunised against a vaccine preventable notifiable infectious disease, or to an offence under this Act;
(e)	open and examine any equipment;
(f)	take samples of anything that the authorised officer reasonably suspects may be connected with a public health risk or may be used as evidence that an offence under this Act has been or is being committed, and for that purpose operate any machinery, equipment or other thing or facilities situated on the premises or brought into the premises by the authorised officer;
(g)	examine any documents referred to in paragraph (d), make copies of those documents or any part of them and, for that purpose, take away and retain any of those documents or any part of them for any time that may be reasonably necessary;
(h)	analyse, examine or test any samples taken under paragraph (f);

1 (i)	stop any vehicle that the authorised officer is
2	authorised by this subsection to enter, or
3	require that a person in charge of the vehicle —
4	(i) stop the vehicle; or
5	(ii) not move the vehicle; or
6	(iii) move the vehicle a reasonable distance
7	to a place specified by the authorised
8	officer;
9 (j)	open, or require to be opened, any container or
10	other thing that the authorised officer
11	reasonably suspects to contain anything
12	connected with a public health risk;
13 (k)	make any recording (by whatever means) of
14	images or sounds, or both, that the authorised
15	officer considers necessary;
16 (l)	take any readings or other measurements, and
17	make sketches or drawings or any other type of
18	record;
19 (m)	require a person to provide information or
20	answer questions in connection with the
21	authorised officer's functions under this Act or
22	to produce any document or thing that an
23	authorised officer is authorised to examine
24	under this Act;
25 (n)	require a person to give the authorised officer
26	any or all of the person's personal details, and,
27	if the authorised officer reasonably suspects
28	that a personal detail given by the person is
29	false, require the person to produce evidence of
30	the correctness of the detail;
31 (0)	generally make any investigations or inquiries
32	that may be necessary to ascertain whether a
33	public health risk exists or an offence under this
34	Act has been or is being committed.

Part 2	Public Health Act 2016 amended
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(2)	An authorised officer may at any time enter and inspect any premises if the authorised officer reasonably suspects —
	<ul><li>(a) there is an immediate public health risk connected with those premises; and</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>(b) the entry is necessary to enable the authorised officer to investigate, prevent, control or abate the risk.</li> </ul>
(3)	This section does not authorise entry into any premises, or any part of any premises, being used solely for residential purposes, except —
	(a) where subsection (2) applies; or
	(b) with the informed consent of the occupier of the premises; or
	(c) under the authority of a warrant issued under section 249.
(4)	For the purposes of subsection (3)(b), an occupier of premises gives informed consent if the occupier consents after being informed by the authorised officer —
	(a) of the powers that the authorised officer wants to exercise in respect of the premises; and
	(b) of the reason why the authorised officer wants to exercise those powers; and
	(c) that the occupier can refuse to consent to the authorised officer doing so.
(5)	An authorised officer exercising a power under this section may be assisted by a police officer or other person.
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1	7. Sec	ction 254 amended
2	254.	False <u>or misleading</u> information
3	(1)	A person must not give false or misleading information
4		<u>to —</u>
5		(a) an authorised officer who is carrying out a
6		function under this Act; or
7		(b) any person pursuant to a requirement under this
8		Act to provide information or produce a record
9		or other document to that person.
10	A pers	on must not, in connection with a requirement made or
11		direction given by an authorised officer under this Act,
12		provide any information or produce any document that
13		the person knows is false or misleading in a material
14		particular.
15		Penalty for this subsection: a fine of \$10 000.
16	(2)	For the purposes of subsection (1), a person gives false
17		or misleading information if the person does one or
18		more of the following —
19		(a) states anything that the person knows is false or
20		misleading in a material particular;
21		(b) omits from a statement anything without which
22		the statement is, to the person's knowledge,
23		misleading in a material particular;
24		(c) gives or produces any record or other document
25		that —
26		(i) the person knows is false or misleading
27		in a material particular; or
28		(ii) omits anything without which the record
29		or other document is, to the person's
30		knowledge, misleading in a material
31		particular.

Public Health A 2019	Amendment (Immunisation Requirements for Enrolment) Bill
Part 3	School Education Act 1999 amended

s. 8

1		F	Part 3	— School Education Act 1999 amended
2	8.	Scho	ool Edu	cation Act 1999 amended
3		This	Part an	ends the School Education Act 1999.
4 5 6		27, 7	7, 82, 159	text is the School Education Act 1999 section 3, 16, 17, 23, and 206 showing proposed amendments in track changes. ading instrument will be drafted at a later stage.]
7	9.	Sect	ion 3 ar	nended
8		3.	Objec	ts of Act
9		(1)	The of	ojects of this Act include the following —
10 11 12			(a)	to recognize the right of every child in the State to receive a school education <u>during the child's</u> <u>compulsory education period</u> ; and
13 14 15			(b)	to allow that education to be given in a government school, a non-government school or at home; and
16 17			(c)	to provide for government schools that meet the educational needs of all children; and
18 19 20			(ca)	to provide for education, training and employment alternatives at the senior secondary level; and
21 22 23			(d)	to acknowledge the importance of the involvement and participation of a child's parents in the child's education; and
24 25 26 27		2	(e)	to provide for student residential colleges that offer residential accommodation for students to attend, and participate in an educational programme of, a school.
28 29 30		(2)	seek to	erson who has a function under this Act is to o ensure that the objects stated in subsection (1) nieved.

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1	10.	Sect	on 16 amended
2		16.	Information required when applying to enrol
3		<u>(1A)</u>	In this section —
4			immunisation status has the meaning given in the
5			Public Health Act 2016 section 141A.
6		(1)	A person who wishes to make an application for
7			enrolment at a school is to provide the following information to the extent that he or she is asked to do
8 9			so —
10			(a) the date of birth of the enrollee; and
11			(b) the names and usual place of residence of $-$
12			(i) the enrollee;
13			(ii) where the enrollee is a child —
14			(I) the parents; and
15			(II) any adult person, not being a
16			parent, who is responsible for
17			the child;
18			and
19 20			(c) where the enrollee is a child, details of any provision in force at law —
21 22			(i) for the long-term care, welfare and development of the child; or
23			(ii) for the day to day care, welfare and
24			development of the child;
25			and
26			(d) where applicable, the name of the school at
27 28			which the enrollee is enrolled or was last enrolled; and
29			(e) the country of citizenship of the enrollee and,
30			where applicable, whether the enrollee has the
31			right to reside in Australia; and

Part 3	School Education Act 1999 amended
s. 11	
	(f) the vaccination status of the enrollee; and
	<ul> <li>(g) details of any condition of the enrollee that may call for special steps to be taken for the benefit or protection of the enrollee or other persons in the school; and</li> </ul>
	(h) any other information prescribed by the regulations.
(2)	The principal may require documentary evidence to be provided in support of any information supplied by the applicant <u>under subsection (1)</u> .
<u>(2A)</u>	A person who wishes to make an application for enrolment at a school is to provide the immunisation status of the enrollee in accordance with the <i>Public</i> <i>Health Act 2016</i> section 141B(2).
11. Sect	tion 17 amended
17.	Change of s. 16 particulars, principal to be notified of
(1)	Where there is a change in —
	<ul> <li>(a) the place of residence of an enrollee; or</li> <li>(b) the particulars referred to in section 16(1)(b),</li> <li>(c) or (g) or section 16(2A) in respect of the enrollee,</li> </ul>
	notice of the change is to be given to the principal of the school at which the enrollee is enrolled —
	(c) by a parent of the enrollee; or
	(d) in the case of an enrollee who has turned 18 or
	who is a prescribed child, by the enrollee; or

1	(2)	A notification to a principal under subsection (1) may
2	(-)	be given in any way that is determined by the principal
3		to be acceptable, either generally or in a particular case.
U		to be acceptable, entitel generally of in a particular case.
4	12. Sect	ion 23 amended
5	23.	Attendance requirements
6	(1)	A student must, for every year of the student's
7		compulsory education period, on the days on which the
8		school is open for instruction —
9		(a) either —
10		(i) attend the school at which the student he or she-is enrolled; or
11		
12		(ii) otherwise participate in an educational
13		programme of the school whether at the
14		school or elsewhere,
15		as required by the principal; or
16		(b) comply with an arrangement under section 24.
17	(1a)	A student who is enrolled as mentioned in
18		section 10(2) may attend or participate for the purposes
19		of subsection (1) or section 24 on a part-time basis, and
20		the principal is to facilitate the student doing so.
21	(2)	Subsection (1) has effect subject to —
22		(a) section 25 (which relates to non-attendance for
23		reasonable cause); and
24		(b) section 27 (which <u>relates to</u> <del>enables a principal</del>
25		to require non-attendance for <u>public</u> health
26		reasons); and
27		(c) section 30 (which allows non-attendance at a
28		government school for a recognized religious or
29		cultural observance).
30	(3)	Subsection (1) is enforceable under Division 5.

Public Health Amendment (Immunisation Requirements for Enrolment) Bill 2019		
Part 3	School Education Act 1999 amended	

#### <u>s. 13</u>

1	13. Sect	ion 27 amended
2 3 4	27.	<u>Required Infectious etc. student, principal may</u> <del>require</del> non-attendance of <u>student on public health</u> grounds
5 6	<u>(1A)</u>	In this section — <u>Chief Health Officer has the meaning given in the</u>
7 8	(1B)	<u>Public Health Act 2016 section 4(1)</u> . The principal of a school must comply with a direction
9		given by the Chief Health Officer for the purposes of a
10		regulation made under the Public Health Act 2016
11		section 142(d) to not permit a child to attend the school
12		or participate in an education programme of the school.
13	(1)	The principal of a school may require that a student —
14		(a) not attend the school; or
15		(b) not participate in an educational programme of
16		the school,
17		during any day on which the student or any other
18		student at the school is suffering from a medical
19		condition to which this section applies.
20	(2)	Subsection (1) This section applies to a medical
21		condition that, on advice from the Chief Health Officer
22		or a registered medical practitioner, the principal
23		considers may be infectious, contagious or otherwise
24 25		harmful to the health of persons who are at the school
25 26		or participating in an educational programme of the school.
27	<del>(3A)</del>	In subsection (2)
28		Chief Health Officer has the meaning given in the
29		Public Health Act 2016 section 4(1).
	5	

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1	(3)	A requirement under subsection (1) is to be in writing
2		given —
3		(a) to a parent of the student; or
4 5		(b) in the case of a student who has turned 18 or who is a prescribed child, to the student; or
6 7		(c) to a person whose details have been provided under section 16(1)(b)(ii)(II).
8 9 10	(4)	An adult who is notified of a requirement under subsection (1) is to ensure that it is complied with by the student.
11		Penalty: a fine of \$500.
12	14. Sect	ion 77 amended
13 14	77.	Child below compulsory school age, when entitled to be enrolled
15 16 17		A child is entitled to be enrolled at a particular government school for each year before the child's compulsory education period falls if —
18		(a) there is available for the child at that school —
19 20		(i) an appropriate educational programme; and
21		(ii) classroom accommodation;
22		and
23		(ab) the enrolment would not contravene the <i>Public</i>
24		Health Act 2016 section 141D; and
25		(b) the enrolment would conform with other
26		criteria prescribed by the regulations for the
27		purposes of this section.
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Public Health Amendment (Immunisation Requirements for Enrolment) Bill 2019		
Part 3	School Education Act 1999 amended	

s. 15

1	15. Sect	ion 82 amended
2 3	82.	<u>Resolving a question Question</u> under s. 76, 77, 78 or 79 <del>, resolving</del>
4	(1)	This section applies to a child —
5		(a) in the child's —
6		(i) pre-compulsory education period; or
7		(ii) compulsory education period;
8		and
9 10 11 12		<ul> <li>(b) in respect of whom an application for enrolment has been made under section 74 but who has not been enrolled in accordance with the application.</li> </ul>
13 14	(2)	If in relation to a child any question arises under section 76, 77, 78 or 79 as to whether —
15		(a) the usual place of residence of the child is or is
16		not —
17		(i) in the State; or
18		(ii) in a particular intake area;
19		or
20 21		(b) an educational programme is available or is appropriate for the child; or
22		(c) classroom accommodation is available; or
23 24		(d) any other prescribed criterion prescribed under section 77(b) is satisfied,
25		the issue in dispute is to be decided by the chief
26		executive officer.
27 28	(3)	Where the chief executive officer decides <u>under</u> subsection (2) that —
29 30	5	(a) the usual place of residence of the child is not in an intake area for a school; or
		Consultation Droft

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1 2		(b)	an educational programme at a school is not available or is not appropriate for the child; or		
2					
3 4		(c)	classroom accommodation is not available at the school for the child; or		
5		(d)	any other prescribed criterion prescribed under		
6		(-)	section 77(b) is not satisfied in relation to the		
7			child,		
8		the chi	ef executive officer is to determine at which		
9		other government school (or schools if a choice is			
10		given)	the child may be enrolled.		
11	(4)		ief executive officer may make an interim		
12			on on an issue in dispute pending the making of a		
13			ecision, and effect is to be given to the interim		
14		decisio	on.		
15	16. Sec	tion 159 amended			
16	159.	Standa	ards for non-government schools		
16 17	<b>159.</b> (1)		ards for non-government schools inister may determine standards for		
		The M			
17		The M	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following		
17 18		The M non-go	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following		
17 18 19		The M non-go matters	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s —		
17 18 19 20		The M non-go matters (a)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools;		
17 18 19 20 21		The M non-go matters (a) (b)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools; staff to student ratios at schools;		
17 18 19 20 21 22		The M non-go matters (a) (b)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools; staff to student ratios at schools; the days, and hours per day, of instruction		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23		The M non-go matters (a) (b) (c)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools; staff to student ratios at schools; the days, and hours per day, of instruction provided by schools;		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		The M non-go matters (a) (b) (c) (d)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools; staff to student ratios at schools; the days, and hours per day, of instruction provided by schools; the staff of schools;		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25		The M non-go matters (a) (b) (c) (d)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools; staff to student ratios at schools; the days, and hours per day, of instruction provided by schools; the staff of schools; the premises that may be used for, or in		
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		The M non-go matters (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	inister may determine standards for overnment schools about any of the following s — the curriculum or curriculums of schools; staff to student ratios at schools; the days, and hours per day, of instruction provided by schools; the staff of schools; the premises that may be used for, or in connection with, schools;		

Part 3	School Education Act 1999 amended		
. 16			
	(h)	the enrolment and attendance procedures at schools;	
	<u>(ha)</u>	the health and safety procedures at schools, including immunisation requirements for enrolment;	
	(i)	the management, recording and reporting of critical and emergency incidents at schools;	
	(j)	the arrangements (if any) for board and lodging for students on school premises or premises associated with schools;	
	(k)	the response to, and recording of, complaints and disputes at schools;	
	(1)	the arrangements for preventing child abuse at schools and for responding to any such abuse which may occur;	
	(m)	the sufficiency of schools' financial resources for providing education of the kind for which registration is sought;	
	(n)	any other matter prescribed by the regulations.	
(2)	A standard is to be determined in accordance with consultation procedures prescribed by the regulations.		

takes effect

the Minister; or

that day;

(i)

(ii)

(a)

and

(b)

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23

24

25

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28

29 30

**Consultation Draft** 

on the day the standard is determined by

if a later day is stated in the standard, on

is to be published on a website maintained by the chief executive officer.

1 2	(4)	A standard may be amended or repealed by a subsequent determination by the Minister.		
3 4	(5)	Subsection (2) applies to and in relation to the amendment of a standard.		
5 6	(6)	Subsection (3) applies to and in relation to the amendment or repeal of a standard.		
7	17. Sec	tion 206 amended		
8	206.	Curriculum and enrolment		
9 10 11	(1)	Sections 67 and 68 have effect as if the references in those sections to government schools included community kindergartens.		
12 13	(2)	The enrolment of a child at a community kindergarten is to be in accordance with		
14 15		(a) the <i>Public Health Act 2016</i> Part 9 Division 8; and		
16		<u>(b)</u> the regulations.		
17				
	0			